UHSAA Sports Concussion Management Policy
(Updated 11/6/2019)

1. Overview

1.1. In response to the growing concern over concussion in athletics there is a need for High Schools to develop and utilize a “Concussion Management Plan”. While regional limitations in availability of specifically trained school and medical personnel are acknowledged, the following document serves as a standard for concussion management.

1.2. The following components will be outlined as part of a comprehensive concussion management plan:

1.2.1. Concussion Overview (section 2)
1.2.2. Concussion Education for Student-Athletes and Parent(s)/Guardian(s)(section 3)
1.2.3. Concussion Education for Coaches (section 4)
1.2.4. Pre-season concussion assessment (section 5)
1.2.5. Concussion action plan (section 6)
1.2.6. Appendix A: Statement Acknowledging Receipt of Concussion Education
1.2.7. Appendix B: Post Concussion Instructions
1.2.8. Appendix C: Return to School Recommendations
1.2.9. Appendix D: Return to Play Protocol
1.2.10 Appendix E: Memo- Implementation of NFHS Playing Rules Changes Related to Concussion and Concussed Athletes

2. What is a Concussion

2.1. Concussion, or mild traumatic brain injury (mTBI), has been defined as “a complex pathophysiological process affecting the brain, induced by traumatic biomechanical forces.” Although concussion most commonly occurs after a direct blow to the head, it can occur after a blow elsewhere that is transmitted to the head.

2.2. Signs and symptoms of concussions include but are not limited to:

Note: A student/athlete may experience any of the following signs and symptoms

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Confusion</th>
<th>Disequilibrium</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Post-traumatic Amnesia (PTA)</td>
<td>Feeling ‘in a fog’, ‘zoned out’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retrograde Amnesia (RGA)</td>
<td>Vacant stare, ‘glassy eyed’</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disorientation</td>
<td>Emotional lability</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delayed verbal and motor responses</td>
<td>Dizziness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inability to focus</td>
<td>Slurred/incoherent speech</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Headache</td>
<td>Excessive Drowsiness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nausea/Vomiting</td>
<td>Loss of consciousness (LOC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visual Disturbances, including light sensitivity, blurry vision, or double vision</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

UHSAA Sports Medicine Concussion Management Plan
3. Concussion Education for Student Athletes and Parent(s)/Guardian(s)

3.1. At the beginning of individual sport seasons or at the beginning of the school year, student-athletes shall be presented with a discussion about concussions and given a copy of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) “Heads Up: Concussion in High School Sports – A Fact sheet for Athletes” or other equivalent form of education. Links to other relevant materials or online courses that may be used in the place of a paper handout will be noted on UHSAA’s Sports Medicine website: http://www.uhsaa.org/sportsmedicine/

3.1.1. If the school has medical coverage in place for their athletes (i.e. physician or licensed athletic trainer), this person shall provide the discussion and educational handout

3.1.2. If no such coverage exists, the coach or other designated school personnel shall be responsible for providing the fact sheets to the student athletes.

3.2. At the beginning of individual sport seasons, parent/guardian(s) shall be presented with a copy of the CDC’s “Heads Up: Concussion in High School Sports – A Fact sheet for parents”

3.3. These materials are available free of charge from the CDC. To order or download go to the CDC concussion webpage or use the following link: http://www.cdc.gov/headsup

3.4. All student-athletes and their parents/guardians will sign a statement in which the student-athlete accepts the responsibility for reporting their injuries and illnesses to the coaching/athletic training staff, parents, or other health care personnel including signs and symptoms of concussion. This statement will also acknowledge having received the above mentioned educational handouts. See Appendix A

3.5. All student-athletes shall be required to participate in the above education at the beginning of individual sport seasons or at the beginning of the school year, prior to their participation in any sport governed by the UHSAA.

3.5.1. Club sports sponsored by high schools do not fall under the jurisdiction of the UHSAA. UHSAA member high schools are nonetheless encouraged to adopt similar policies to properly manage concussion in the club sports they support.

4. Concussion Education for Coaches

4.1. It is required that each year coaches, staff and athletic trainers shall review this document (the UHSAA Sports Concussion Management Policy), and a copy of the CDC’s “Heads Up: Concussion in High School Sports – A Guide for Coaches” http://www.cdc.gov/headsup

4.2. All coaches, coaching staff, athletic trainers and administrative personnel shall complete a course dealing with concussion, its signs, symptoms and management. This course shall be completed prior to working with student-athletes. The CDC, in partnership with the National Federation of State High School Associations, has developed a free web based course, “Concussion in Sports: What you need to know”, to be used for this purpose.

4.2.1. Repetition of the course is required on an annual basis as determined by Utah State Board of Education and UHSAA.

4.2.2. The “Concussion in Sports: What You Need to Know” on-line course is available free of charge after registering at http://www.nfhslearn.com

5. Pre-season concussion assessment

5.1. Optimally, a concussion history should be included as part of a student/athlete’s pre-participation physical health examinations with their health care professional.

5.2. It is recommended that every two years, student-athletes complete a baseline assessment prior to the beginning of the school year or their individual sports seasons as appropriate. Baseline assessments may consist of any or all of the following:

5.2.1. Standardized Symptom Checklist

5.2.2. Neuropsychological Testing. Generally, pre-season neuropsychological testing is accomplished through a computerized system. While several computer based programs are available, one program widely used within the State of Utah is, ImPACT (ImPACT Inc.). When used, it is to be completed through a consultant trained in concussion assessment, management and test administration.

5.2.2.1. Neuropsychological testing programs are designed to measure specific brain functions that may be altered after a concussion. The program is designed in such a way as to allow athletes to be tested...
6. Concussion Action Plan

6.1. When a student-athlete shows any signs, symptoms or behaviors consistent with a concussion, the athlete shall be removed immediately from practice or competition and evaluated by a health care professional with specific training in the evaluation and management of concussion. The decision regarding removal from practice or competition may be made by school designated medical personnel or a designated school representative.

6.1.1. School personnel, including coaches, are encouraged to utilize a pocket guide or app on the field to assist them in recognizing a possible concussion. An example pocket guide is available as part of the CDC toolkit “Heads Up: Concussion in High School Sports” available at http://www.cdc.gov/headsup/highschoolsports/coach.html

6.2. Where possible, the athlete shall be evaluated on the sideline by a licensed athletic trainer or other appropriate health care professional. Ideally, the sideline evaluation will be completed using the Sports Concussion Assessment Tool ver. 5 (SCAT 5).

6.2.1. The SCAT 5 is comprised of a symptom checklist, standard and sport specific orientation questions, the Standardized Assessment of Concussion (SAC), and an abbreviated form of the Balance Error Scoring Scale (BESS)

6.3. A student-athlete diagnosed with a concussion shall be withheld from the competition or practice and shall not return to activity for the remainder of that day. The student-athlete’s parent/guardian(s) shall be notified of the situation.

6.4. The student-athlete should receive serial monitoring for deterioration. Student-athletes and their parent/guardian shall be provided with written instructions upon dismissal from practice/game. See Appendix B for a copy of discharge instructions. This form is also page 1 of the “Post Concussion Instructions and Return to Play Clearance Form” available on the UHSAA Sports Medicine website: http://www.uhsaa.org/sportsmedicine/

6.5. In accordance with district/school emergency action plans, immediate referral to Emergency Medical Services should be provided for any of the following “Red Flag Signs or Symptoms”.

6.5.1. Prolonged Loss of Consciousness

6.5.2. Seizure like activity

6.5.3. Slurring of speech

6.5.4. Paralysis of limb(s)

6.5.5. Unequal pupils or dilated and non-reactive pupils

6.5.6. At any point where the severity of the injury exceeds the comfort level of the on-site medical personnel

6.6. Consultation with a qualified health care professional shall occur for all student-athletes sustaining a suspected concussion. Health care professionals with limited experience or training in recognizing and treatment of concussion are encouraged to seek consultation with professionals who have expertise in understanding,
recognizing and treating concussion and related symptoms. This consultation may occur by telephone between the local health care professional and concussion expert.

6.7. For the purposes of this document, a health care professional is defined as one who is trained in management of concussion and who:

6.7.1. is licensed under Utah Code, Title 58, Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing Act; and
6.7.2. may evaluate and manage a concussion within the health care provider’s scope of practice; and
6.7.3. has, within three years, successfully complete a continuing education course in the evaluation and management of concussion.

6.8. Subsequent management of the student-athlete’s concussion shall be under the discretion of the treating health care professional, but may include the following:

6.8.1. Referral to a Concussion Care Clinic
6.8.2. When possible, repeat neuropsychological testing.
6.8.3. Clinical assessment of balance and symptoms, with comparison to baseline data when available.
6.8.4. Medication management of symptoms, where appropriate
6.8.5. Provision of recommendations for adjustment of academic coursework, including the possible need to be withheld from coursework obligations while still symptomatic. See Appendix C for list of possible accommodations required.
6.8.6. Direction of return to play protocol, to be coordinated with the assistance of a licensed athletic trainer or designated school personnel. See Appendix D for return to play protocol.
6.8.7. Final authority for Return-to-Play shall reside with the local health care professional (see 6.7), their designee or by a recognized concussion management program. Prior to returning to competition, the concussed student athlete shall have a Return-to-Play clearance form signed by their managing health care professional.

6.9. The incident, evaluation, continued management, and clearance of the student-athlete with a concussion shall be documented.
UHSAA Sports Concussion Management Policy

(Updated 11/6/2019)

APPENDIX A: Statement Acknowledging Receipt of Education and Responsibility to report signs or symptoms of concussion to be included as part of the “Participant and Parental Disclosure and Consent Document”.

Information for Patients, Parents, and Legal Custodians about Concussion

What is a concussion? A concussion is an injury to the brain caused by a direct or indirect blow to the head. It results in your brain not working as it should. The concussion may or may not cause you to black out or pass out. It can happen from a fall, a hit to the head, or a hit to the body that causes your head and your brain to move quickly back and forth.

How do I know if I have a concussion? There are many signs and symptoms that you may have after a concussion. A concussion can affect your thinking, the way your body feels, your mood, or your sleep. Here is what to look for the following symptoms:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Thinking</th>
<th>Physical</th>
<th>Emotional / Mood</th>
<th>Sleep</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Difficulty thinking clearly</td>
<td>• Headache</td>
<td>• Being more moody</td>
<td>• Sleeping more than usual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Taking longer to figure things out</td>
<td>• Feeling sick to your stomach / queasy</td>
<td>• Irritability-things bother you more easily</td>
<td>• Sleeping less than usual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Difficulty concentrating</td>
<td>• Fuzzy or blurry vision</td>
<td>• Sadness</td>
<td>• Trouble falling asleep</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Difficulty remembering new information</td>
<td>• Vomiting / throwing up</td>
<td>• Feeling nervous or worried</td>
<td>• Feeling tired</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Dizziness</td>
<td>• Crying more</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Balance Problems</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>• Sensitivity to noise or light</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table is adapted from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (http://www.cdc.gov/concussion/).

What should I do if I think I have a concussion? If you are having any of the signs or symptoms listed above, you should tell your parents coach, athletic trainer, or school nurse, so you can get the help you need. If a parent notices these symptoms, he or she should inform the school nurse or athletic trainer.

When should I be particularly concerned? If you have a headache that gets worse over time, you are unable to control your body, you throw up repeatedly or feel more and more sick to your stomach, or your words are coming out funny or slurred, let an adult such as your parent, coach, or teacher know right away, so you can get the help you need before things get worse.

What are some of the problems that may affect me after a concussion? You may have trouble in some of your classes at school or even with activities at home. If you continue to play or return to play too early after a concussion, you may have long-term trouble remembering things or paying attention, headaches may last a long time, or personality changes can occur. Once you have a concussion, you are more likely to have another concussion.

How do I know when it’s OK to return to physical activity and my sport after a concussion? After telling your coach, your parents, and any available medical personal that you think you have a concussion, you will probably be seen by a doctor trained in helping people with concussions. Your school and your parents can help you decide who is best to treat you and help to make the decision on when you should return to activity, play, and practice. Your school has a policy in place on how to treat concussions. You should not return to play or practice on the same day as your suspected concussion occurred.
Information for Patients, Parents, and Legal Custodians about Concussion

*If there is anything on this sheet that you do not understand, please ask an adult to explain or read it to you.

☐ We have read the “Information for Patients, Parents, and Legal Custodians about Concussion”. If true, please check box.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Patient initials</th>
<th>Information Sheet</th>
<th>Parent or Legal Custodian Initials</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A concussion is a brain injury, which should be reported to my parents, my coach(es), or a medical professional if one is available.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A concussion can affect the ability to perform everyday activities such as the ability to think, balance, and perform in the classroom.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A concussion cannot be “seen”. Some symptoms might be present right away. Other symptoms can show up hours or days after an injury.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I will tell my parents, my coach, or a medical professional about my injuries and illnesses.</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If I think a teammate has a concussion, I should tell my coach(es), parents, or a medical professional.</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I will not return to play in a game or practice if a hit to my head or body causes any concussion-related symptoms.</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I will/my child will need written permission from a medical professional trained in concussion management to return to play or practice after a concussion.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>According to the latest data, most concussions take days or weeks to get better. A concussion may not go right away. I realize that resolution from this injury is a process and may require more than one medical evaluation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I realize that emergency department or urgent care physicians will not provide clearance if the patient is seen right away after the injury.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>After a concussion, the brain needs time to heal. I understand that I am/my child is much more likely to have another concussion or more serious brain injury if return to play or practice occurs before concussion symptoms go away.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Sometimes, repeat concussions can cause serious and long-lasting problems.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I have read and understand the concussion symptoms on the Concussion Information Sheet.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

I, ___________________________, of ___________________________ High School

Student/Athlete Name                                           School

hereby acknowledge having received education about the signs, symptoms, and risks of sport related concussion. I also acknowledge my responsibility to report to my coaches, parent(s)/guardian(s) any signs or symptoms of a concussion.

_____________________________                              ________________
signature and printed name of student/athlete                  Date

I, the parent/guardian of the student athlete named above, hereby acknowledge having received education about the signs, symptoms, and risks of sport related concussion.

_____________________________                              ________________
signature and printed name of parent/guardian                  Date
APPENDIX B: Immediate Post Concussion Instructions

The following instructions are to be given to each athlete and their parent/guardian after sustaining a concussion, as identified in section 6.4 of the UHSAA Concussion Management Policy. These instructions are included with the “Post Concussion Instructions and Return to Play Clearance Form” available on the UHSAA Sports Medicine website: http://www.uhsaa.org/sportsmedicine/

Head Injury Precautions

During the first 24 hours:

It is OK to
• Use acetaminophen (Tylenol) for headaches
• Use ice pack on head and neck as needed for comfort
• Eat a carbohydrate-rich diet
• Go to sleep
• Rest (no strenuous activity or sports)

There is NO need to
• Check eyes with flashlight
• Wake up frequently (unless otherwise instructed)
• Test reflexes
• Stay in bed

Do NOT
• Drink alcohol
• Drive a car or operate machinery
• Engage in physical activity (eg, exercise, weight lifting, physical education, sport participation) that makes symptoms worse
• Engage in mental activity (eg, school, job, homework, computer games) that makes symptoms worse

Do Monitor for Significant Changes:
Conditions may change significantly within the next 24 hours. Immediately obtain emergency care for any of the following signs or symptoms:

- Persistent or projectile vomiting
- Unequal pupil size
- Difficulty in being aroused
- Clear or bloody drainage from the ear or nose
- Continuing or worsening headache
- Seizures
- Slurred speech or inability to speak
- Can’t recognize people or places – increasing confusion
- Weakness or numbness in the arms or legs
- Unusual behavior change – increasing irritability
- Loss of consciousness

Improvement
The best indication that an athlete who has suffered a significant head injury is progressing satisfactorily, is that he/she is alert and behaving normally.

Contact your health care provider
Before returning to physical activities, contact your health care provider for evaluation. Use the attached form to help your health care provider determine if your child sustained a concussion and when your child/ward is fully recovered and able to resume normal activities, including sports.

Talk to your health care provider about the following:
• Management of symptoms
• Appropriate levels of school activity or the need for reducing academic coursework for a temporary period of time
• Appropriate levels of physical activity

Return clearance form prior to returning your child to play
Before your child will be allowed to return to play, you will need to return the attached “Concussion Return to Play Clearance Form” signed by your care provider to the school.
APPENDIX C: Return to School Recommendations

In the early stages of recovery after a concussion, increased cognitive demands, such as academic coursework, as well as physical demands may worsen symptoms and prolong recovery. Accordingly, a comprehensive concussion management plan will provide appropriate provisions for adjustment of academic coursework on a case by case basis.

The following provides a framework of possible recommendations that may be made by the managing health care professional:

Inform teacher(s) and administrator(s) about your injury and symptoms. School personnel should be instructed to watch for:
- Increased problems with paying attention, concentrating, remembering, or learning new information
- Longer time needed to complete tasks or assignments
- Greater irritability, less able to cope with stress
- Symptoms worsen (e.g., headache, tiredness) when doing schoolwork

Injured Student ____________________________ Date ____________________

Until fully recovered, the following supports are recommended: (check all that apply)

__ May return immediately to school full time.
__ Not to return to school. May return on (date) ____________________
__ Return to school with supports as checked below. Review on (date) ________________
   __ Shortened day. Recommend __ hours per day until (date) ____________________
   __ Shortened classes (i.e., rest breaks during classes). Maximum class length: _____ minutes.
   __ Allow extra time to complete coursework/assignments and tests.
   __ Reduce homework load by ______%. Maximum length of nightly homework: ______ minutes.
   __ No significant classroom or standardized testing at this time.
   __ No more than one test per day.
   __ Allow the student to leave class a few minutes early to avoid excessive stimulation from noisy hallways
   __ Take rest breaks during the day as needed.
   __ Other: List: _________________________________________________________________

Under no circumstances should a student-athlete be permitted to return to contact activities at practice or competition if they have not successfully reintegrated back to school, or if they are continuing to require extra accommodations in school that were not previously part of a student 504 or IEP plan.

Managing Health Care Professional
Please write legibly

Name ____________________________ Office Phone ____________________________

E-mail ____________________________ Alt. Phone ____________________________

Health Care Professional Signature ____________________________________________ Date ____________
APPENDIX D: RETURN TO PLAY PROTOCOL, to be included in “Return to Play Clearance Form”

- Recovery from concussion and progression through the Return-to-Play stages is individualized and determined on a case by case basis. Many factors influence the rate of progression and include previous concussion history, duration and types of symptoms, age and sport/activity that the athlete participates in. Athletes with history of prior concussion, extended duration of symptoms, or participation in collision or contact sports may progress more slowly.

- It is expected that a student-athlete has successfully and completely reintegrated back to school prior to engaging in any contact activities in practice or competition.

- The following table is adapted from the 5th International Conference on Concussion in Sport and provides the framework for the return to play protocol.

- It is expected that student-athletes will start in stage 1 and remain in stage 1 until symptom free. Under the guidance of a qualified health care provider, symptom limited physical exertion may be started prior to reaching symptom free status.

- The patient may, under the direction of the health care professional, and the guidance of the licensed athletic trainer or recognized concussion management program, progress to the next stage only when assessment battery has normalized, including symptom assessment, cognitive assessment with computerized or other appropriate neuropsychological assessment, and/or balance assessment with the BESS.

- It is anticipated that at least 24 hours will be required, at a minimum, of being asymptomatic with each stage before progressing to the next stage.

- Utilizing this framework, in a best case scenario, a patient sustaining a concussion and being asymptomatic by the next day will start in Rehabilitation Stage 1 at post injury day 1 and progress through to stage 6, ‘Return to Play’ by post injury day 6.

- There may be circumstances, based on an individual’s concussion severity, where the return to play protocol may take longer. Under all circumstances the progression through this protocol shall be overseen by the managing health care professional, licensed athletic trainer or recognized concussion management program.

- Each student-athlete with a concussion shall be personally evaluated by a health care professional at least one time during this process.

- When the athlete has successfully passed through stage 5 (Full Contact Practice) and has previously been evaluated by a health care professional or recognized concussion management program, a verbal clearance may be obtained by the licensed athletic trainer or designated school personnel. Otherwise, a visit with a health care professional is required before such clearance to return to play will be granted.

- A completed “Return to Play Clearance Form” indicating the student is medically released to return to full competition shall be provided to school officials prior to a student’s being allowed to resume competition after suffering a concussion.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stage</th>
<th>Functional Exercise or Activity</th>
<th>Objective</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Symptom-limited activity after 24-48 hours of relative physical and cognitive rest</td>
<td>Activities of Daily Living (ADLs) that do not provoke symptoms. When indicated, cognitive rest followed by gradual re-introduction of schoolwork.</td>
<td>Gradual reintroduction of work/school activities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date Tested: __________________</td>
<td>Date Cleared: _____ Initial: _____</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Light Aerobic Physical Activity</td>
<td>Non-impact aerobic activity (e.g. swimming, stationary biking) at &lt;70% estimated maximum heart rate (slow to medium pace) for up to 30 minutes as symptoms allow.</td>
<td>Increase heart rate, maintain condition, assess tolerance of activity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date Tested: __________________</td>
<td>Date Cleared: _____ Initial: _____</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Moderate aerobic physical activity and Non-contact training drills at half speed</td>
<td>Non-contact sport specific drills at reduced speed; Aerobic activity at 70-85% estimated maximum heart rate; light resistance training (e.g. weights at &lt;50% previous max ability)</td>
<td>Begin assimilation into team dynamics, introduce more motion and non-impact jarring</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date Tested: __________________</td>
<td>Date Cleared: _____ Initial: _____</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Non-contact training drills at full speed</td>
<td>Regular Non-contact training drills; aerobic activity at maximum capacity including sprints; regular weight lifting routine. As part of this stage, return to regular school activities has also been accomplished.</td>
<td>Ensure tolerance of all regular activities short of physical contact and academic work.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date Tested: __________________</td>
<td>Date Cleared: _____ Initial: _____</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Full Contact Practice</td>
<td>Full Contact Practice</td>
<td>Assess functional skills by coaching staff, ensure tolerance of contact activities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date Tested: __________________</td>
<td>Date Cleared: _____ Initial: _____</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Return to Play</td>
<td>Regular game competition</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

APPENDIX E: Memo - Implementation of NFHS Playing Rules Related to Concussion and Concussed Athletes

In its various sports playing rules, the National Federation of State High School Associations (NFHS) has implemented a standard rule in all sports dealing with suspected concussions in student athletes. The basic rule in all sports (the rule may be worded slightly differently in each to reflect the language of the sport) states:

*Any athlete who exhibits signs, symptoms or behaviors consistent with a concussion (such as loss of consciousness, headache, dizziness, confusion, or balance problems) shall be immediately removed from the contest and shall not return to play until cleared by an appropriate health-care professional. (Please see NFHS Suggested Guidelines for Management of Concussion in the Appendix of each NFHS Rules Book)*

The responsibility for observing signs, symptoms, and behaviors that are consistent with a concussion rests with school personnel and sports officials. In conjunction with the UHSAA Concussion Management Policy [http://uhsaa.org/SportsMed/ConcussionManagementPlan.pdf](http://uhsaa.org/SportsMed/ConcussionManagementPlan.pdf) and the rule stated above the following guidelines are given:

**Role of the contest official in administering the rule:**

- Officials are to review and know the signs, symptoms and behaviors consistent with a concussion.
- Officials are to direct the removal an athlete who demonstrates signs, symptoms or behaviors consistent with concussion from the contest according the rules and protocol regarding injured contestants for the specific sport.
- Officials have no other role in the process. The official does not need to receive clearance for an athlete to re-enter the contest.

**Role of school personnel in administering the rule:**

- All coaches, athletic trainers, and administrative personnel are required to complete a course dealing with concussion prior to working with student/athletes. The NFHS course *Concussion in Sport* available free of charge at [www.nfhslearn.com](http://www.nfhslearn.com) satisfies this requirement.
- A student athlete who has demonstrated signs, symptoms or behaviors consistent with concussion shall be removed immediately from the contest or practice and shall not return to play or practice until cleared by an appropriate health-care professional. The student/athlete and their parent/guardian shall be provided with the “UHSAA Post Concussion Instructions and Return to Play Clearance Form”.[http://uhsaa.org/new/images/forms/ConcussionReleaseForm.pdf](http://uhsaa.org/new/images/forms/ConcussionReleaseForm.pdf)

**Appropriate health-care professional:**

- An appropriate health-care professional is one who is trained in the management of concussion and who:
  - is licensed under Utah Code, Title 58, Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing Act; and
  - may evaluate and manage a concussion within the health care provider's scope of practice; and
  - has, within three years, successfully completed a continuing education course in the evaluation and management of concussion.
- The UHSAA Sports Medicine Advisory Committee has developed a form for the school to receive written clearance from an appropriate health-care professional for return to play of a concussed student athlete. The form is available on the “Forms” page and the “Sports Medicine” page of the UHSAA web-site or directly at [http://uhsaa.org/new/images/forms/ConcussionReleaseForm.pdf](http://uhsaa.org/new/images/forms/ConcussionReleaseForm.pdf).

**Links to resources:**

- NFHS “Concussion in Sports” course: [www.nfhslearn.com](http://www.nfhslearn.com)
- Center for Disease Control & Prevention (CDC) concussion materials: [www.cdc.gov/concussion](http://www.cdc.gov/concussion)